Card and Dice Games

1. FLIP

Concept: Addition or Multiplication Facts

Materials: a deck of cards: 2-9 and Ace (as a one) only

Directions:

play the game, each player flips over the top two cards from game "War". Deal all of the cards evenly to each player. To and collects all the face up cards from each player. (If there their pile. The player with the greatest sum or product wins is a tie for the greatest sum or product, the players who have tied flip one more card the player with the highest card player with the most cards. becomes the winner.) The object of the game is to be the This card game is played much like the traditional card

'n Multiplication/Addition WAR

Concept: Multiplication/Addition Facts

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Directions

same time each player turns over their top card. The first "War". Deal all of the cards evenly to each player. At the Play continues until one player has collected all the cards person to say the product of the two cards wins the cards. This card game is played much like the traditional card game

Multiplication Tic-Tac-Toe

clip on each, and marks the product on the gameboard with a cube. cube. Play continues until one player has marked four products in two factors (from 1–9 underneath the gameboard), places a paper Players use cubes in two different colors. The first player chooses legal to move it to the same factor of the other paper clip to allow a row, column, or diagonal. Note: When moving a paper clip, it's finds the product, and marks the product with a different color The second player moves one of the paper clips to a new factor, for plays such as 5×5 .

2
8
16 18
27 28
40 42
56 63

Tips for Remembering the 9s Multiplication Facts

9 x 1= 09

The digit in the tens
place is one less than
the factor being
mutiplied by 9!

9×4=3+6=9

The digits all add to 9!

9 x 10= 90°

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The digit in the tens. place is one less than the factor being mutiplied by 9!

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The digits all add to 9!

9 x 2= 18

9 x 3= 27

9 x 3= 27

reverse for these for these for these for form the production of the

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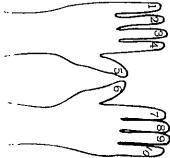
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Multiplying by 9 🕮

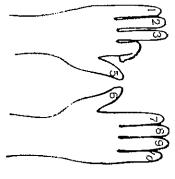
Finger multiplication for the 9s is far less involved than it is for the 6s, 7s, and 8s. Here's how to do it:

Have children hold out their hands, palms down. Each finger is given a number

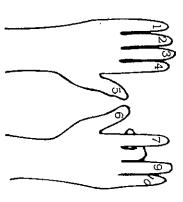
from 1 to 10, starting from the left.



That leaves three fingers to the left of it and six fingers to the right of it. which stands Suppose students wish to multiply 9 by 4. They simply tuck under linger number 4. $9 \times 4 = 36$.



leaves seven fingers to the left of it and two fingers to the right of it, or 72. $9 \times 8 = 72$. Here's another example. For 9 times 8. children tuck under finger number 8.



works every time. And no batteries are required. Have students use this method to multiply other numbers between 1 and 9 by 9. It

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STRATEGIES FOR MULTIPLICATION FACT

1's - Same number ex. $6 \times 1 = 6$

2 x 4=8 (doubled the 4) Double the number ex. 2's -

ex. $3 \times 6 = (double 6 plus another 6) = 18$ Double the number and add one more set 3's -

Double Double = Double the number and Double its sum again $4 \times 7 = 7 + 7 = 14$ and 14 + 14 = 28

5's - Count by 5's

6 × 4 = (5 × 4 = 20) then add 4 more = 24 - Solve for x5 then add one more set

9's - Finger trick

This is the first digit in ex. 9x4 = 36 (Three fingers to the left and 4 fingers to finger. Put down the numbered finger from the problem and count the Open up hands and count 1 - 10 assigning a number to each your answer. Count the number of fingers to the right. This is your fingers to the left of the finger that is down. second digit. the right)

10's - Add a zero